Claim 1 (Currently Amended) A method for constructing and caching a chain of file identifiers in a computing system environment, the chain of file identifiers representing that represent a full path to a file system resource the method comprising the steps of:

processing a file system resource's defined name (DN) into a file identifier (FID) and defined name database;

retrieving from the defined name database a first file identifier for a first the file system resource, the retrieved file identifier corresponding that corresponds to a the processed defined name of the first file system resource;

adding the retrieved first file identifier to a chain of file identifiers, the added file identifier being the first file identifier in the chain;

retrieving a next the file identifier for the a next file system resource in a full path of the first file system resource; said next file resource being the parent of the previous file system resource in the full path;

adding the retrieved next file identifier to the chain; and

repeating said <u>step of retrieving a next</u> the file identifier for <u>a</u> the next file system resource step and said <u>step of adding</u> the <u>next</u> retrieved file identifier to the chain step until a file identifier for each <u>file</u> system resource in <u>a</u> the full path of the <u>first</u> initial file system resource <u>is added</u> in the chain.

Claim 2 (Currently Amended) The method as described in claim 1 further comprising after said repeating step the steps of:

retrieving a file identifier corresponding to the file system resource, the file system resource being which is a the target of an the access attempt and having a chain file identifier chain representing the full path directory of the target system resource;

searching for \underline{a} the effective security classification category and defined name for the target resource file identifier;

updating the security classification system, when said search finds a security classification category for the target resource file identifier;

determining whether operations for the target file system resource could affect the file system name space; and

terminating said method when constructing and caching of a chain of file identifiers when there is a determination that the operations for the target file system resource do does not affect the file system name space.

Claim 3 (Currently Amended) The method as described in claim 2 further comprising the step of flushing the a file identifier chain cache when there is a determination that desired operations on the <u>first target</u> file system resource could affect the file system name space.

Claim 4 (Currently Amended) The method as described in claim 2 further comprising before said file identifier (FID) retrieval step the step of processing a system resources' defined name (DN) and security classification category into a mapping database that which holds a FID to DN mapping.

Claim 5 (Currently Amended) The method as described in claim 4 wherein said processing system resources database processing step further comprises:

providing the defined name and security classification category as inputs; obtaining a file identifier (FID) for the defined name; and

adding the FID to DN mapping containing the security classification category to the mapping database.

Claim 6 (Currently Amended) The method as described in claim $\underline{4}$ 2 wherein said searching step comprises:

searching the FID to DN mapping database for the security classification category for the FID of the target resource; and

returning the security classification category and defined name for <u>a</u> the target FID, when a security classification category for the target FID was found during said search.

Claim 7 (Currently Amended) The method as described in claim $\underline{4}$ 2 wherein said searching step comprises:

searching the FID to DN mapping database for the security classification category for the FID of the target resource;

retrieving a FID from the <u>a constructed</u> FID chain, when the search does not find a security classification category for the FID of the target resource;

searching the FID to DN mapping database for the security classification category for the <u>retrieval</u> FID of the <u>constructed</u> FID chain; and

returning the security classification category and defined name for the target FID, when a security classification category for the target FID was found during said search.

Claim 8 (Currently Amended) The method as described in claim 7 further comprising the steps of:

determining whether there are more entries in the constructed FID chain, when the search does not find a security classification category for the FID used in the search;

retrieving the a next FID in the constructed FID chain; and

searching the FID to DN mapping database for the security classification category for the currently retrieved FID of the FID chain.

Claim 9 (Original) The method as described in claim 8 further comprising the step of terminating the method when no security classification category is found for any FID in the FID chain.

Claim 10 (Currently Amended) The method as described in claim 3 wherein said flushing step comprises:

retrieving <u>a</u> the path name for the target resource, said path name being to a directory for the target resource;

obtaining a vnode for the directory;
generating a FID for the directory using the vnode;
searching for FID chain matching directory FID; and
removing FID chain from cache, when matching FID chain is found.

Claim 11 (Currently Amended) The method as described in claim 10 further comprising before said searching step the step of sorting <u>a</u> the FID chains in <u>a</u> the FID chain cache into hash list.

Claim 12 (Currently Amended) The method as described in claim 11 wherein said sorting searching step comprises:

retrieving a the first FID chain in the FID chain list;

comparing each FID in the said first FID chain to a said directory FID;

determining whether there are more FID chains in the list, when said FID chain did not match the said directory FID;

retrieving a the next FID chain in the FID, and returning to said comparing step using newly retrieved FID chain.

Claim 13 (Currently Amended) The method as described in claim 11 wherein said searching step comprises:

retrieving a the first FID chain in the FID chain list;

comparing each FID in the said first FID chain to the said directory FID;

determining whether there are more FID chains in the list, when said FID chain did not match the said directory FID; and

terminating method when no FID chain is found.

Claim 14 (Currently Amended) A computer program product in a computer readable medium for use in constructing and caching a chain of file identifiers in a computing system environment, the chain of file identifiers representing that represent a full path to a file system resource comprising:

instructions for processing a file system resource's defined name (DN) into a file identifier (FID) and defined name database;

instructions for retrieving from the defined name database a first file identifier for a first the file system resource, the retrieved file identifier corresponding that corresponds to a the processed defined name of the first file system resource;

instructions for adding the retrieved first file identifier to a chain of file identifiers, the added first file identifier being the first file identifier in the chain;

instructions for retrieving <u>a next</u> the file identifier for the <u>a</u> next file system resource in a full path of the first file system resource;, said next file resource being the parent of the previous file system resource in the full path;

instructions for adding the retrieved next file identifier to the chain; and

instructions for repeating said <u>instructions for retrieving a next</u> the file identifier for <u>a</u> the next file system resource step and said <u>instructions for</u> adding the <u>next</u> retrieved file identifier to the chain, step until a file identifier for each system resource in <u>a</u> the full path of the first initial file system resource is added in the chain.

Claim 15 (Currently Amended) The computer program product as described in claim 14 further comprising instructions for:

retrieving a file identifier corresponding to the file system resource, the file system resource being which is a the target of an the access attempt and having a chain file identifier chain representing the full path directory of the target system resource;

searching for a the effective security classification category and defined name for the target resource file identifier;

updating the security classification system, when said search finds a security classification category for the target resource file identifier;

determining whether operations for the target file system resource could affect the file system name space; and

terminating said method when constructing and caching of a chain of file identifiers when there is a determination that the operations for the target file system resource do does not affect the file system name space; and

flushing the a file identifier chain cache when there is a determination that desired operations on the target file system resource could affect the file system name space.

Claim 16 (Currently Amended) The computer program product as described in claim 15 wherein said flushing instructions comprise:

instructions for retrieving <u>a</u> the path name for the target resource, said path name being to a directory for the target resource;

instructions for obtaining a vnode for the directory;

instructions for generating a FID for the directory using the vnode;

instructions for searching for FID chain matching directory FID; and

instructions for removing FID chain from cache, when matching FID chain is found.

Claim 17 (Currently Amended) The computer program product as described in claim 15 wherein said searching instruction further comprises:

instructions for searching the FID to DN mapping database for the security classification category for the FID of the target resource;

instructions for retrieving a FID from the a constructed FID chain, when the search does not find a security classification category for the FID of the target resource;

instructions for searching the FID to DN mapping database for the security classification category for the <u>retrieved</u> FID of the <u>constructed</u> FID chain; and

instructions for returning the security classification category and defined name for the target FID, when a security classification category for the target FID was found during said search.

Claim 18 (Currently Amended) The computer program product as described in claim 17 further comprising the steps of:

instructions for determining whether there are more entries in the FID chain, when the search does not find a security classification category for the FID used in the search;

instructions for retrieving a the next FID in the constructed FID chain; and instructions for searching the FID to DN mapping database for the security classification category for the currently retrieved FID of the FID chain.

Claim 19 (Currently Amended) The computer program product as described in claim 18 further comprising before said searching, instructions for sorting the FID chains in <u>a</u> the FID chain cache into hash list.

Claim 20 (Currently Amended) The computer program product as described in claim 15
19 wherein said flushing searching instructions comprise:

instructions for retrieving a the path name for the target resource, said path name being to a directory for the target resource;

instructions for obtaining a vnode for the directory;
instructions for generating a FID for the directory using the vnode;
instructions for searching for FID chain matching directory FID; and
instructions for removing FID chain from cache, when matching FID chain is
found.

Claim 21 (Currently Amended) The method as described in claim 2 wherein said file identifier retrieval step comprises:

retrieving the path name of the file resource, the file resource being a which is the target of the access attempt;

obtaining a FID for target resource with said path name;

determining whether obtained FID is in a FID chain; and

returning the target FID and FID chain, when the target resource FID was found in the a FID Chain Cache.

Claim 22 (Canceled)

Claim 23 (Previously Amended) The method as described in claim 21 wherein said file identifier retrieval step comprises:

retrieving the path name of the file resource, which is the file resource being target of the access attempt;

obtaining a FID for target resource with the said path name;

determining whether the obtained FID is in a FID chain; and

constructing a FID chain for <u>a</u> the parent directory for the obtained FID, when no FID chain for the obtained FID is found.

Claim 24 (Currently Amended) The method as described in claim 23 wherein said FID chain construction comprises:

setting a temporary vnode to equal the vnode for the parent of the target resource; determining whether the temporary vnode is the root directory; and

inserting a FID chain into a FID chain into FID chain cache with the first FID in the chain serving as the entry search key, when temporary vnode is the root directory.

Claim 25 (Currently Amended) The method as described in claim 23 wherein said FID chain construction step further comprises:

setting a temporary vnode to equal \underline{a} the vnode for \underline{a} the parent of \underline{a} the target resource;

determining whether the temporary vnode is a the root directory;

retrieving a vnode for the next parent in a the directory path and determining whether that parent is the root directory; and

repeating said retrieving step until parent is the root of the directory.

Claim 26 (Original) The method as described in claim 25 further comprising the step of inserting a completed FID chain into the FID chain cache when the parent is the root directory.

Claim 27 (Canceled)

Claim 28 (Canceled)